



Windrush Charlton Primary School

Special Educational Needs & Disabilities (SEND) Policy



Context

This policy was developed in consultation with parents/carers, staff and pupils of the school community and pays due regard to;

- The SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years, July 2014
- Part 3 of the Children and Families Act 2014 and associated regulations

Governor responsible for SEND: Quality of Education Committee

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Governor reviewed: Oct 2021

Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy

This policy is in line with our Teaching and Learning policy and Equal Opportunities policy and aims to support inclusion for all of our children. The responsibility for the management of this policy falls to the headteacher; the day-to-day operation of the policy is the responsibility of the Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo). The Governing Body, Headteacher and the SENCo will work together closely to ensure that this policy is working effectively.

High quality teaching is that which is differentiated to meet the needs of the majority of pupils. Some pupils will need something **additional to** and **different from** what is provided for the majority of pupils; this is special educational provision and we will use our best endeavours to ensure that provision is made for those who need it.

Windrush Primary School will do its best to ensure that the necessary provision is made for any pupil who has special educational needs or disabilities. We will ensure that all staff in the school are able to identify and provide for those pupils who have special educational needs or disabilities to allow pupils with SEND to access and join in the activities of the school.

The staff and governors of Windrush Primary School will also work to ensure that all SEND pupils reach their full potential, are fully included within the school community and are able to make successful transfers between educational establishments. This policy aims to support all members of staff in providing positive whole school approaches towards the learning, progress and achievement of SEND pupils. With this as an underlying principle, we believe that;

All teachers are teachers of Special Educational Needs.

Every teacher is responsible and accountable for the progress and development of all pupils in their class even where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff.

Teaching and supporting pupils with SEND is therefore a whole school responsibility requiring a whole school response. Meeting the needs of pupils with SEND requires partnership working between all those involved – Local Authority (LA), school, governors, parents/carers, pupils, children's services and all other agencies.

School Admissions

No pupil will be refused admission to school on the basis of his or her special educational need. In line with the **Equality Act 2010** we will not discriminate against disabled children in respect of admissions for a reason related to their disability unless, **Under Sections 33 and 39 of the Children & Families Act 2014 and 9.79 of the SEND Code of Practice 2014**, we believe our school is unsuitable for the age, ability, aptitude or special needs of the child; or the attendance of the child at our school would be incompatible with the provision of efficient

education of others. We will always use our best endeavours to provide effective educational provision for all children.

Aims and Objectives

Aims

To provide the structure for a pupil-centred process that engages pupil, family, school and other professionals in planning for and implementing high quality, needs led provision that is consistent across the school. This is to ensure all of our pupils are able to access the same opportunities for learning and social development achieving maximum progress, fulfilling their potential and promoting their well-being.

Objectives

The SEND Policy of the Windrush Primary school reflects the principles of the ***0-25 SEND Code of Practice (2014)***. The aims of this special educational needs policy are to:

- Ensure the Equality Act 2010 duties for pupils with disabilities are met
- To enable pupils with special educational needs and disabilities have their needs met
- To take into account the views of the pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities.
- To encourage good communication and genuine partnerships with parents/carers of children with special educational needs and/or disabilities.
- To facilitate full access to a broad, balanced and relevant education, including an appropriate curriculum for the foundation stage and the National Curriculum, for pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities.
- To make arrangements to support pupils with physical and/or medical conditions and to have regard to statutory guidance supporting pupils at school with medical conditions
- To implement a graduated approach to meeting the needs of pupils using the Assess, Plan, Do, Review process
- Develop a culture of inclusion, valuing high quality teaching for all learners, with teachers using a range of effective differentiation methods and interventions.
- Employ a collaborative approach with learners with a SEN or disability (SEND), their families, staff within school, other external agencies including those from Health and Social Care
- Set appropriate individual learning outcomes based on prior achievement, high aspirations and the views of the learner and family
- Share expertise and good practice across the school and local learning community
- Make efficient and effective use of school resources
- Have regard to the ***SEND Code of Practice (2014)*** for the identification, assessment,

- support and review of special educational needs
- Have regard to guidance detailed by Royal Greenwich Borough Council.

Identifying and supporting Special Educational Needs & Disabilities

A Graduated Response to SEND

Early Concerns

The progress made by all pupils is regularly monitored and reviewed. Initially, concerns registered by teachers, parents/carers or other agencies are addressed by appropriate differentiation within the classroom or short term intervention and a record is kept of strategies used. This can be used in later discussions if concerns persist.

How we identify and support pupils with SEN

All pupils' attainment and achievements are monitored by their teacher who is required to provide high quality teaching and learning opportunities differentiated for individual pupils. Where a pupil is making inadequate progress or falls behind their peers, additional support will be provided under the guidance of the class teacher. Adequate progress could:

- Be similar to that of peers;
- Match or better the pupils' previous rate of progress;
- Close the attainment gap between the pupil and their peers;
- Prevent the attainment gap growing wider.

Where pupils continue to make inadequate progress despite support and high quality teaching, the class teacher will work with the school's Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCo) to assess if a pupil has a specific or significant learning difficulty and agree appropriate support.

In some cases, it may be necessary to seek assessment by or advice from an external professional such as a speech and language therapist or educational psychologist. This will always involve discussion and agreement with the pupil's parents/carers.

When considering whether a pupil has a special educational need any of the following may be evident:

- Makes little or no progress even when teaching approaches are targeted particularly in a pupil's identified area of weakness
- Shows signs of difficulty in developing literacy or mathematics skills which result in poor attainment in some curriculum areas
- Persistent emotional or behavioural difficulties which are not ameliorated by appropriate behaviour management strategies
- Has sensory or physical problems and continues to make little or no progress despite the provision of specialist equipment

- Has communication and /or interaction difficulties and continues to make little or no despite the provision of an appropriate differentiated curriculum.
- Has emotional or behavioural difficulties which substantially and regularly interfere with the pupil's own learning or that of the class groups, despite having an individualised behaviour support programme
- Has SEND or physical needs that require additional specialist equipment or regular advice or visits by a specialist service
- Has a communication and/or an interaction difficulty that impedes the development of social relationships and cause a substantial barrier to learning.

The Assess, Plan, Do and Review process

Where a pupil is identified as having SEND, we will take action to support effective learning by removing barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. This **SEND support** will take the form of a four-part cycle through which earlier decisions and actions are revisited, refined and revised with a growing understanding of the pupil's needs and of what supports the pupil in making good progress and securing good outcomes. This is known as **the Graduated Approach – assess, plan, do, review**.

For pupils with low level special educational needs the cycle of **Assess, Plan, Do and Review** will fit into the regular termly assessment and planning cycle for all pupils. These are known as Pupil Progress Meetings. For those pupils with more complex needs or for who a more frequent cycle needs to be employed additional meeting dates will be set and will include the termly Pupil Progress Meetings.

Graduated Response

Assess

- In identifying a pupil who may need **SEND support** the class teacher, working with the parents/carers, should carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs. This will be recorded on an *initial concern sheet* and shared with the SENCo. This should draw on the teacher's observations, assessments and experience of the pupil, their previous progress and attainment, as well as information gathered from other areas of the school. Ideally to gather a full picture of the child it should include information from the parents relating to any difficulties presented at home and any relevant family background.
- The pupil's development in comparison to their peers and national data should also be considered along with the pupil's views and, if relevant, advice from external support services. These will be recorded on a provision map and for children with more complex needs a profile will be written alongside the child, parents, professionals and people who know the child best. The

school and parents/carers will meet, where appropriate, with other agencies including those from Health and Social Care to create and up-date the provision map and profile.

- This assessment will be reviewed regularly to ensure support and intervention are matched to need, barriers to learning are identified and overcome so that a clear picture of the interventions put in place and their impact is developed. With some areas of SEND, the most reliable method of developing a more accurate picture of need will be the way in which the pupil responds to an intervention.

Plan

- Parents/carers, with their child, will meet with the class teacher and the SENCo to decide on the interventions and support to be put in place as well as the expected impact on progress and development. This will be recorded on a provision map, and, if necessary a personalised learning plan (PLP) with a date to review the plan. The date for review will depend on the level of need present.

- The provision map/ PLP will clearly identify the areas of needs, the desired outcomes, the support and resources provided, including any teaching strategies or approaches that are required and when the plan of intervention will be reviewed.

- The support and intervention provided will be selected to meet the outcomes identified for the pupil, based on reliable evidence of effectiveness and will be provided by staff with appropriate skills and knowledge.

- The PLP will usually involve a contribution by parents/carers to reinforce learning at home.

- Where appropriate, the PLP will include the support from other agencies and how this will support the pupil in achieving the desired outcomes.

- So, if it is agreed that a pupil requires SEND support, all parties meet and develop the provision plan detailing the support which will bring about the next part of the cycle.

Do

- The class teacher remains responsible for working with the pupil on a daily basis and will work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved, to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching.

- The SENCo will support the class teacher in the further assessment of the pupil's needs, in problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support.

- The **class teacher** is responsible for the daily implementation of the plan and will assess outcomes.

Review

- There will be a review of the provision map/PLP on the date previously agreed. This review will evaluate the impact and quality of the support and interventions and include (where possible) the views of the pupil and their parents/carers.
- Information about the impact of the support and interventions will be shared with the parents/carers and will enable them to be involved with planning the next steps. Other agencies' reviews will be included in this review.
- Where a pupil has complex needs involving more than one agency it will depend on the pupil's needs and the frequency of the educational reviews as to whether external agencies attend each educational review, this will be agreed at the initial meeting.
- This review will feed back into the analysis of the pupil's needs, then the class teacher, working with the SENCo, will revise the support in light of the pupil's progress and development, with decisions on any changes made in consultation with the parent and the pupil.
- Where there is a sustained period of insufficient or no progress, the school may decide to gain involvement and advice from a specialist or external agency. The school will consult with parents/carers before involving a specialist or external agency.

Statutory Assessment of Needs (Education, Health and Care Plan)

Where, despite the school having taken relevant and purposeful action to identify, assess and meet the Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities of the pupil over a length of time, the child has not made expected progress, the school or parents/carers should consider requesting an Education, Health and Care (EHC) needs assessment. All programmes and recommendations will normally need at least two terms of input before an EHCP can be applied for. The evidence gathered through the regular review of the Provision map, PLP and the profile will help the Local Authority (LA) in determining whether this statutory assessment of needs is required.

Where a pupil has an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP), the Local Authority must review the plan every twelve months as a minimum. Schools have a duty to co-operate so Windrush Primary School will hold annual review meetings on behalf of Royal Greenwich Borough LA and complete the appropriate paperwork for this process.

Monitoring and Evaluation of SEND

Regular monitoring of the quality of provision for all pupils including those with SEND follows the schools' assessment and monitoring calendar. In addition the cycle of Assess, Plan, Do

and Review ensures that pupils with SEND have their individual provision reviewed regularly, and at least termly. Additional training, advice and support will be provided to teaching staff and TAs where necessary in order to facilitate pupil progress and to meet pupil needs.

Pupil progress is tracked termly and where pupils are not making sufficient progress additional information is sought and appropriate action taken.

Supporting Pupils and working in partnership with Families

We value and accept the positive role and contribution parents/carers can make. We make every effort to work in full co-operation with parents/carers, recognising and respecting their roles and responsibilities. Parents/carers are encouraged to work with the school and other professionals to ensure that their child's needs are identified properly and met as early as possible.

In order that they play an active part in their child's development, the school will attempt to provide parents/carers with the relevant information so they can reinforce learning in the home. At Windrush Primary School we endeavour to support parents/carers so that they are able to:

- Feel fully supported and taken seriously should they raise a concern about their child
- Recognise and fulfil their responsibilities and play an active and valued role in their child's education
- Understand procedures and documentation
- Make their views known about how their child is educated
- Have access to information, advice and support during assessment and any related decision making process about special educational provision.

Parents/carers of a child with SEND support will have the opportunity to meet with the SENCo on an appointment basis at any point throughout the year. The SENCo is happy to meet with parents/carers, without prior arrangement, whenever possible.

Parents/carers are encouraged to seek help and advice from Independent Information Advice and Support services, including the Royal Greenwich Special Educational Needs and Disability Information Advice and Support Service (SENDIASS). This service is able to provide impartial and independent advice, support and information on special educational needs and disabilities.

Parents/carers are also encouraged to visit the Royal Greenwich Borough Local Offer website. <http://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/localoffer>

This website provides valuable information about different agencies, services and resources for children, young people with SEND and their families in addition to school resources and information.

Children in Care:

When a child is in care, the carers are accorded the same rights and responsibilities as parents. The school has both an appointed member of staff and a governor for Looked after Children (CLA).

Pupil Voice

We hold the views of pupils highly and recognise the importance of gaining genuine pupil views in promoting the best pupil outcomes. Pupils are able to share their views in a number of different ways (appropriate to age and ability). These views are welcome at any time but are specifically sought as part of their annual review, as part of their Pupil Progress Meetings and at the end of a targeted intervention. We encourage all pupils to contribute to the setting of their own outcomes.

Partnership with External Agencies

The School is supported by a wide range of different agencies and teams. The schools SEND Information report details which agencies the school have worked with, and we continue to review and develop our local offer according to the needs of the children we teach. This report can be found on the school website and is up-dated annually.

The Endeavour Partnership Trust do not adopt or support interventions and approaches such as ABA (Applied Behavioural Analysis) or Lovaas Interventions as we believe that these promote dependence on one adult, exclude the class teacher or school from the development of the curriculum being taught and limits a child's ability to generalise skills taught to other environments, all of which go against our inclusive approach. We believe that the joint close working partnership with our local services such as Royal Greenwich ASD Outreach Service and the commissioning of the Social Communication Project are much more effective approaches. These enable the child and their family to remain the centre of the assess, do and review process within an inclusive and effective learning environment.

Transition

A change of school, class and staff can be an exciting, yet an anxious time for all pupils. We recognise that this can be very challenging for some pupils with SEND. We endeavour to make sure these periods of change are carefully managed in a sensitive way to provide continuity of high quality provision and reassurance to pupils and families. Our processes for transition are explained further in the SEND Information report and transition policy.

Training and Resources

Allocation of resources

- Resources are allocated to support children with identified needs.
- Each year we map our provision to show how we allocate human resources to each year group; this is reviewed regularly and can change during the academic year, responding to the changing needs within our classes.
- Support may take the form of scaffolded work in class to support from a Teaching Assistant (TA) in focused intervention in groups, or for individuals.
- Specialist equipment, books or other resources that may help the pupil are purchased as required or advised.

Continuing Professional Development (CPD) for Special Educational Needs

- All teaching staff at the school engage in training sessions when Quality First Teaching is addressed.
- The SENCO and other SLT members provide regular CPD to other staff in school in specific aspects of meeting the needs of pupils with SEND – a programme covering a variety of SEND is offered.
- The progress of all pupils including those with SEND is a core aspect of the appraisal process and appraisal targets will look at how to develop staff skills in meeting individual pupil needs as necessary.
- Teaching assistants are engaged in ongoing training whereby the role of the teaching assistant is developed.
- External trainers are brought in periodically to address more specialist training needs such as dealing with specific medical conditions (e.g. epilepsy) or to train staff in the use of specific interventions.
- Peer support and guidance is available daily for all staff in school and some of the best training development occurs through professional dialogue with colleagues looking at meeting the specific needs of a pupil.

Funding

Funding for SEND in mainstream schools is mainly delegated to the schools' budget. It is the expectation that schools provide support to their pupils with SEND from their SEND budget. The headteacher decides on the budget for Special Educational Needs in consultation with the school governors, on the basis of the needs of the children currently in the school. The headteacher, Trust Inclusion Lead and the SENCO discuss all the information they have about SEND in the school, including

- the children getting extra support already
- the children needing extra support
- the children who have been identified as not making as much progress as would be expected.

They will then decide what resources/training and support is needed. All resources/training and support are reviewed regularly, and changes made as needed.

Where a pupil requires an exceptionally high level of regular support that incurs a greater expense, the school will make a request to the local authority for an EHC plan.

The school will need to be able to demonstrate how it has spent the funding to date and the impact of this as well as demonstrating why further additional funding is required and how it would be used. This additional 'top-up' funding is then paid from the local authorities high needs block into the school's budget.

Personal Budgets

Personal Budgets are only available to pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) or pupils who are currently under-going a needs assessment for an EHCP. Funding can be made available to parents/carers as a personal budget for them to commission their own provision for their child under certain conditions. Parents/carers who would like to enquire further about using the personal budget should speak in the first instance to the SENCo.

Roles and Responsibilities

Provision for pupils with special educational needs is a matter for the school as a whole. In addition to the Governing Body, Executive headteacher, headteacher, Inclusion Lead and SENCo, all members of staff have important responsibilities.

Governing Body:

The Governing Body endeavours to follow the guidelines as laid down in the *SEND Code of Practice (2014)* to:

- use their best endeavours to make sure that a child with SEND gets the support they need – this means doing everything they can to meet children and young people's Special Educational Needs
- ensure that children and young people with SEND engage in the activities of the school alongside pupils who do not have SEND
- designate a teacher to be responsible for co-ordinating SEND provision – the SEN co-ordinator, or SENCO.
- inform parents/carers when they are making special educational provision for a child
- prepare a SEND information report and their arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps being taken to prevent disabled children from being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to enable access to the school for disabled children and their accessibility plan showing how they plan to improve access progressively over time.

Headteacher:

The headteacher has responsibility for the day-to-day management of all aspects of the school's work, including provision for children with special educational needs. The headteacher will keep the Governing Body fully informed on Special Educational Needs issues. The headteacher will work closely with the Inclusion Lead, SENCo and the Governor with responsibility for SEND.

Trust Inclusion Lead:

The Trust Inclusion Lead, works closely with the SENCO overseeing all areas of SEND with the SENCO including social, emotional and mental health needs of children.

SENCo:

In collaboration with the Headteacher, Trust Inclusion Lead and governing body, the SENCO determines the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision with the ultimate aim of raising the achievement of pupils with SEND.

The SENCO takes day-to-day responsibility for the operation of the SEND policy and co-ordinates the provision for individual children, working closely with staff, parents/carers and external agencies. The SENCO provides relevant professional guidance to colleagues with the aim of securing high-quality teaching for children with special educational needs.

Through analysis and assessment of children's needs, and by monitoring the quality of teaching and standards of pupils' achievements and setting targets, the SENCO develops effective ways of overcoming barriers to learning and sustaining effective teaching. The SENCO liaises and collaborates with class teachers so that learning for all children is given equal priority.

The principle responsibilities for the SENCO include:

- Overseeing the day-to-day operation of the SEND policy
- Co-ordinating provision for SEND pupils and reporting on progress
- Advising on the graduated approach to providing SEND support – Assess, Plan, Do, Review
- Advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively
- Monitoring relevant SEND CPD for all staff
- Managing the SEND intervention team.
- Overseeing the records of all children with special educational needs and ensuring they are up to date
- Liaising with parents/carers of children with special educational needs
- Contributing to the in-service training of staff
- Being a point of contact with external agencies, especially the local authority and its support services

- Liaising with early years providers, other schools, educational psychologists, health and social care professionals and independent or voluntary bodies
- Liaising with potential next providers of education to ensure a pupil and their parents/carers are informed about options and a smooth transition is planned
- Monitoring the impact of interventions provided for pupils with SEND
- To lead on the development of high quality SEND provision as an integral part of the school improvement plan
- Working with the Headteacher, Inclusion Lead and the school governors to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act (2010) with regard to reasonable adjustments and access arrangements

All Teaching and Non-Teaching Staff:

- All staff are aware of the school's SEND policy and the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for pupils with special educational needs.
- Class teachers are fully involved in providing high quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving their understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils and their knowledge of the SEND most frequently encountered.
- Class teachers are responsible for setting suitable learning challenges and facilitating effective special educational provision in response to pupils' diverse needs in order to remove potential barriers to learning. This process should include working with the SENCo to carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs, drawing on the teacher's assessment and experience of the pupil as well as previous progress and attainment.
- Teaching assistants will liaise with the class teacher and SENCo on planning, on pupil response and on progress in order to contribute effectively to the graduated response, (assess, plan, do, review).

Meeting Medical Needs

The Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on schools to make arrangements to support pupils with medical conditions. All pupils with medical needs are recorded and care plans outlined in the Medical Needs Handbook. This is kept in every class as well as key areas such as the medical room, staff room and school offices so all staff are able to quickly refer to it as and when necessary. Individual healthcare plans will normally specify the type and level of support required to meet the medical needs of pupils with more complex medical needs.

Where children and young people also have SEND, their provision should be planned and delivered in a co-ordinated way. For those pupils with an Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan this will be used as it brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision.

The school recognises that pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Some children with medical conditions may be disabled and where this is the case the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010.

Children in Hospital

The member of staff responsible for ensuring that pupils with health needs have proper access to education will liaise with other agencies and professionals*, as well as parents/carers, to ensure good communication and effective sharing of information. This will enable optimum opportunities for educational progress and achievement.

* E.g. *medical agencies, Hospital School.*

SEND Information Report

The school will ensure that the SEND information report is accessible on the school website. Governors have a legal duty to publish information on their websites about the implementation of the policy for pupils with SEND. The information published will be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year will be updated as soon as possible.

Monitoring and Accountability

Accessibility

The school is compliant with the Equality Act 2010 and Accessibility legislation. Windrush Primary School work hard to develop their accessibility. We follow the advice outlined in the SEND support document put together by Royal Greenwich LA

Charlton is a large site on multiple levels. It has a lift to all classroom levels and disabled toilet facilities on every floor.

We continue to develop our accessibility as part of our long term school improvement.

Please see accessibility plan document on the school website:

<https://windrushcharlton.org.uk/Policies/>

Storing and Managing Information

Pupil SEND records will be kept in accordance to the DfE guidance contained in "Statutory Policies for schools" (February 2014)

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/284301/statutory_schools_policies.pdf

Responding to Complaints

In the first instance, parent complaints about the provision or organisation of SEND can be addressed through a discussion with your child's class teacher who is the adult most involved with the child. If you are not satisfied with the outcome of this discussion please contact the SENCO (senco@endeavourpartnershiptrust.org). If a parent is still dis-satisfied, please contact the headteacher and follow the procedures outlined in the School's Complaints Policy. <https://windrushcharlton.org.uk/Policies/>

If there continues to be disagreement with regard to SEND provision, the Local Authority should make arrangements that include the appointment of independent persons with a view to avoiding or resolving disagreements between the parents/carers and the school. This includes access to mediation before tribunal. Parents/carers have a right to appeal to a SEND tribunal at any stage.

Appendix 1

Definition of SEND

Pupils have special educational needs if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special education provision to be made for him/her namely provision ***which is additional to or different from*** that normally available in a differentiated curriculum. Windrush Primary School regards pupils as having a Special Educational Need if they:

- a) Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of pupils of the same age, or;
- b) Have a disability which prevents or hinders him/her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools
- c) A child under compulsory age has special educational needs if they fall within the definition at (a) or (b) above or would do so if special educational provision was not made for them (Section 20 Children and Families Act 2014)

Pupils must not be regarded as having a learning difficulty solely because the language or form of language of their home is different from the language in which they will be taught.

Windrush Charlton Primary School will have regard to the SEND Code of Practice 2014 when carrying out its duties towards all pupils with SEND and ensure that parents/carers are informed by the school that SEND provision is being made for their child.

There may be times in a pupil's school career when they are identified as having a Special Educational Need. These pupils will be provided with intervention and/or support that is 'additional to or different from' the normal differentiated curriculum. This may be on an ongoing basis or for a limited time. Many pupils with sensory and/or physical disabilities may require adaptations, made as reasonable adjustments under the Equality Act 2010.

Areas of Special Educational Need

Under the SEND Code of Practice 2014 pupils identified as having a special educational need (SEND) will be considered within one or more of the following categories of need:

Cognition and Learning

Cognition and Learning needs include:

- Specific learning difficulties (SpLD)
- Moderate learning difficulties (MLD)
- Severe learning difficulties (SLD), and
- Profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD)

Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), where children are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment.

Children with learning needs may learn at a slower pace than other children and may have difficulty developing literacy or numeracy skills or understanding new concepts. Learning needs may be in addition to or as a result of other special educational needs.

Children with a specific learning difficulty (SpLD) will have difficulties related to one or more of dyslexia (reading and spelling), dyscalculia (maths), dyspraxia (co-ordination) and dysgraphia (writing).

Social, Emotional and Mental Health Difficulties

Social, Emotional and Mental Health Difficulties include:

- ADD
- ADHD
- Attachment Disorder

Children may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained.

Other children may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder.

Communication and Interaction needs

Communication and Interaction needs include:

- Speech, language and communication needs (SLCN)
- Autism (including Asperger Syndrome)

Children with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or because they do not understand or use social rules of communication.

The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social

communication at different times of their lives. Children with autism, including Asperger's Syndrome, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

Sensory and/or Physical needs

Sensory and/or physical needs include:

- Visual impairment (VI)
- Hearing impairment (HI – including Deaf and hearing impairment)
- Multi-sensory impairment (MSI - sometimes referred to as Deafblind)
- Physical disability (PD).

Some children require special educational provision because they have a disability, and this prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time.

Many children with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multi-sensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning. Children with an MSI have a combination of vision and hearing difficulties. Some children with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.